

Photo 1. Fixing erosion problem near vernal pools 22 and 23, March 2016.



Photo 3. Southeast corner of restoration area, facing east, March 2016.



Photo 2. Southern edge of restoration area, facing west, March 2016.



Photo 4. Full vernal pool with flowering quillwort (*Lilaea scilloides*), March 2016.



Photo 5. Coastal sage scrub habitat surrounding vernal pool basins, April 2016.



Photo 7. Vernal pool basin with surrounding upland habitat, April 2016.



Photo 6. Minor herbivory on flowering quillwort (Lilaea scilloides), April 2016.

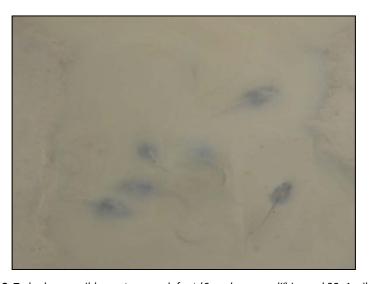


Photo 8. Tadpoles, possibly western spadefoot (*Spea hammondii*) in pool 22, April 2016.



Photo 9. Southern pacific rattlesnake (*Crotalus oreganus helleri*) that recently vacated tunnel to artificial burrowing owl burrow on the left side of the photograph, April 2016.



Photo 11. Southeastern portion of restoration site, May 2016.



Photo 10. Rattlesnake from Photo 9 entering adjacent tunnel to artificial burrowing owl burrow, April 2016.



Photo 12. Southern edge of restoration area, facing west, May 2016.



Photo 13. Upland habitat surrounding vernal pool basins, May 2016.



Photo 15. San Diego button-celery (Eryngium aristulatum var. parishii), May 2016.

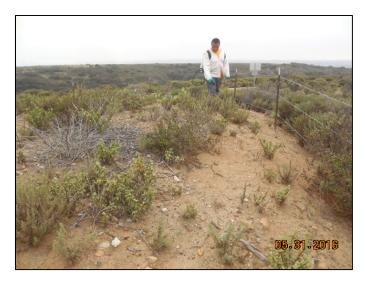


Photo 14. Weed abatement on the restoration site, May 2016.



Photo 16. Otay Mesa Mint (Pogogyne nudiuscula), May 2016.



Photo 17. Southern portion of site, showing herbicide cages around cactus plants, August 2016.



Photo 19. Vernal pools and upland habitat in summer dormancy, August 2016.



Photo 18. Site maintenance activities, August 2016.



Photo 20. Vernal pools and upland habitat in summer dormancy, August 2016.