



Restoration of Western Pond Turtles in the MSCP Region of San Diego, California





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San Diego Multi-Species Conservation Plan (MSCP)

•Adopted March 18, 1997

•Includes western pond turtle (*Emys marmorata*) (WPT)

•USGS began monitoring MSCP turtles in 2002



Distribution and Status of the Arroyo Toad (Bufo californicus) and Western Pond Turtle (Emys *marmorata*) in the San Diego MSCP and Surrounding Areas

Final Report 10/11/05





Propared for

California Department of Fish and Game County of San Diego



Prepared for: County of San Diego



Assessment of Western Pond Turtle population genetic structure and diversity in southern California

The western pond turtle (Emys marmorata (syn. Actinemys marmorata) is the only turtle species which is native to southern California. Western pond proposed to be included) in multi-species conservation plans throughout southern California. Ongoing threats to western pond turtle populations include habitat loss and the introduction of non-native turtle species, bass, and bullfrons



Project Details

We are using state of the art genetic and analytical methods to measure both the extent of genetic connectivity among extant populations and the levels of within population genetic diversity among western pond turtles in southern California in collaboration with the California Department of Fish and Game and researchers at the University of California. Davis,

Data obtained through this project will be used to inform decisions about population augmentation or relocation within southern California watersheds. These data will enable the identification of genetically unique populations, provide baseline data about the level of genetic diversity within and among populations, and will be used to identify populations that may be especially vulnerable or that have greatly reduced levels of genetic diversity







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Data Summary for the 2007 and 2008 Pacific Pond Turtle (Actinemys marmorata) Surveys Conducted in the County of San Diego; Boulder Oaks, Lusardi Creek and Los Penasquitos Canvon

Data Summarv



U. S. DEPARTMENT OF THE INFERIOR U. S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY WESTERN ECOLOGICAL RESEARCH CENTER

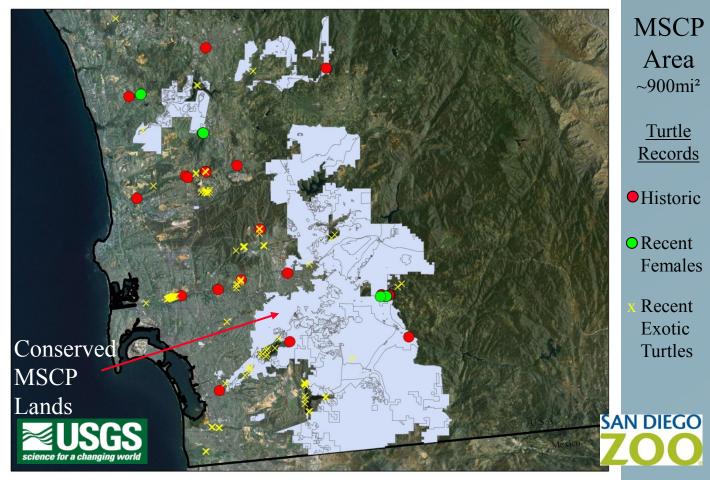
WPT in the MSCP region

- No detectable recruitment at any study sitesOne gravid female at only one site: Sycuan Peak Ecological Reserve
- Potential deterrents to recruitment...
- -Exotics -Roads -Fishing/Hunting -Public Access (dogs, traffic, etc.)









Can We Restore WPT in Urban San Diego?

--Sycuan Peak Ecological Reserve--**SANDAG** •Can harvest eggs from females for head starting •CDFG Reserve—Restricted access and multi-agency collaboration •Discrete ponds—Easier for trapping and exotics control •Can use as starter population for Otay watershed (now protected) --As good as it gets in MSCP--



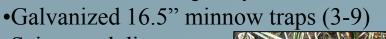






Trapping Methods

- •1.5' single-fingered hoop trap (15-20)
 - Baited (mackerel or sardines) in morning on day 1
 Checked daily in mornings, refreshing bait as needed
 Closed on morning of day 5



•Seines and dip nets







Turtle Processing

- •Weigh and measure, count annuli
- •Examine for general health, injuries, damage
- •Check for previous markings/IDs
- •Implant PIT tags and take tissue from new captures



2009 Western Pond Turtle Trapping

•4 main pools

•15-20 hoop traps (water level driven)
•6 Surveys (5 day trapping sessions)
•41 WPT captures of 24 individuals
•All adults, 10:14 females : males
•Only 8 new WPT

(16 from 2002-3)

•2 gravid females (only 1 fertile)







Invasive Removal and Maintenance •2009: removed crayfish, sunfish, bullfrogs and African clawed frogs until none were detected

- •2010:Early spring-no detections of exotic species at primary turtle ponds
- Late spring-2 adult bullfrogs detected and removed from site
- No invasives detected during most recent survey









Spring 2010 Western Pond Turtle Trapping

- •2 surveys at same pools (post invasives removal)
- •3 gravid females detected and taken to SD Zoo (all fertile)
- •2 New WPT

One young adult WPT (105mm) detected in first Spring survey
One juvenile WPT (68mm) detected during last survey
Youngest 2 WPT detected in MSCP region in 8 yrs











Collecting Gravid Females •Captured females were examined to determine reproductive status •Radiograph/Physical Examination (Palp) •Gravid females were kept in quarantine at San Diego Zoo for egg harvesting









Nesting/Egg Laying •One clutch laid naturally •Others induced with Oxytocin •Given supportive fluids and Ca •Females returned to site after recovery







Egg Incubation

•5:1 Vermiculite:Water

- •Very dry by most standards
- •Typically 1:1 or 2:1
- •Chosen based on early data from study
 - •Geist et al, in prep
- •Incubated at 28° C for 105 to 126 days
- •Mean egg mass- 11g
- •Mean egg length- 37.6mm
- •Mean egg width- 20.5mm







Egg Incubation

2009

- •2 Gravid females
 - •1 clutch of 5 fertile eggs
 - •1 clutch of 3 infertile eggs
- •All 5 fertile eggs produced juveniles

2010 (so far...)

- •3 Gravid females
 - •1 clutch of 5 eggs (at least 4 appear fertile)
 - •1 clutch of 3 eggs (1 fertile, 2 lost during nesting)
 - •1 clutch of 3 eggs (1 fertile, 2 lost during laying)
- •Total of 6 fertile eggs incubating



doing well, One egg still healthy tile) ng nesting)

UPDATE:

5 hatchlings

from 2010

from 2 clutches



Hatchlings (2009) •Mean weight- 6g •Mean carapace length- 28.6mm •Mean carapace width- 26.8mm









Feeding

- •Crickets, earthworms, Phoenix Worms
- •Turtle brittle
- •Turtle gel

(blended carrots, greens, turtle brittle, omnivore primate biscuits)•Fish (infrequently)











Juvenile Care

- New facility for raising juvenile turtles
 Currently 5 healthy juvenile turtles hatched Oct-Nov, 2009
- •Mass: 24-32g (~5x hatchling wt)
- •Length: 24-28mm
- •Width: 22-26mm









Discussion

- •Reduction of invasive species at best WPT site in MSCP
- •Successful egg harvesting and incubation from wild population
- •Initial positive response in WPT activity potentially to invasives reduction
- •Long term commitment for restoration of WPT in MSCP







Future Activities

- •Plan to monitor population to determine if increased activity continues with invasives control
- •Continue to develop captive population for breeding and eventual release (4-8 yrs)
- •Investigate other potential populations in SD County.
- •Examine potential restoration sites in MSCP







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