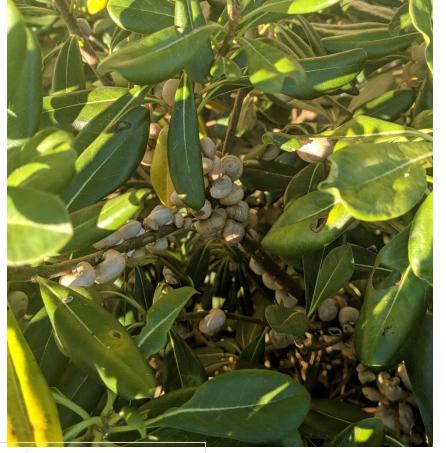
White Italian Snail (Theba pisana)

August 2019

White Italian Snail/ white garden snail (Theba pisana)



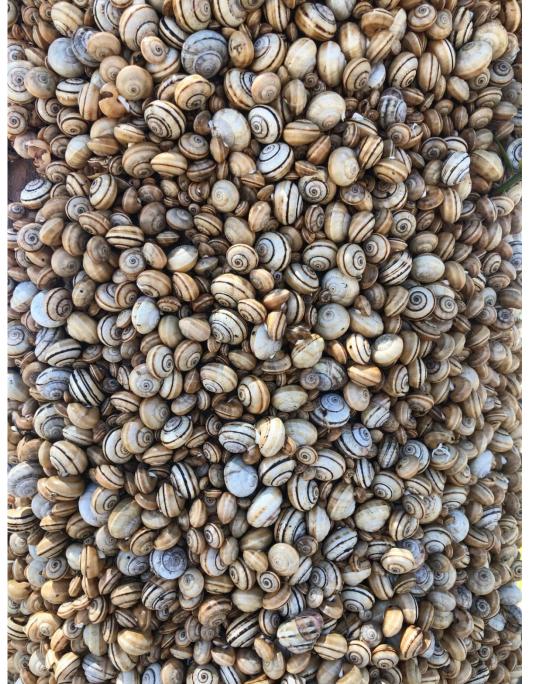


Sabre Springs residential area

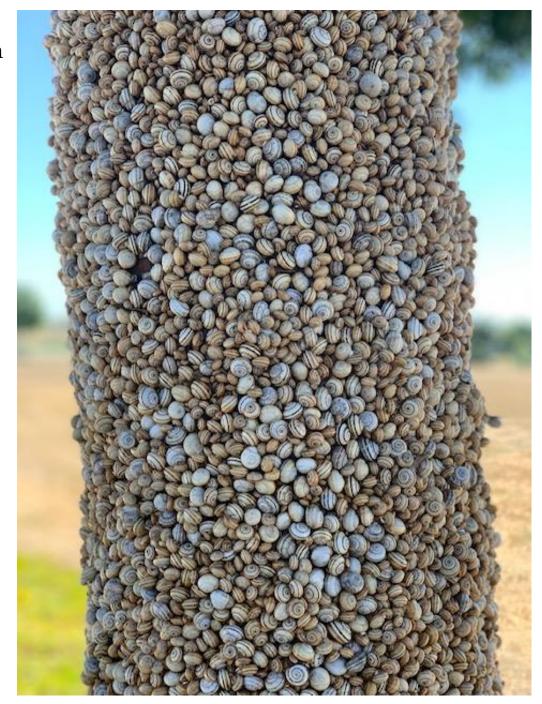
Bressi Ranch, Carlsbad



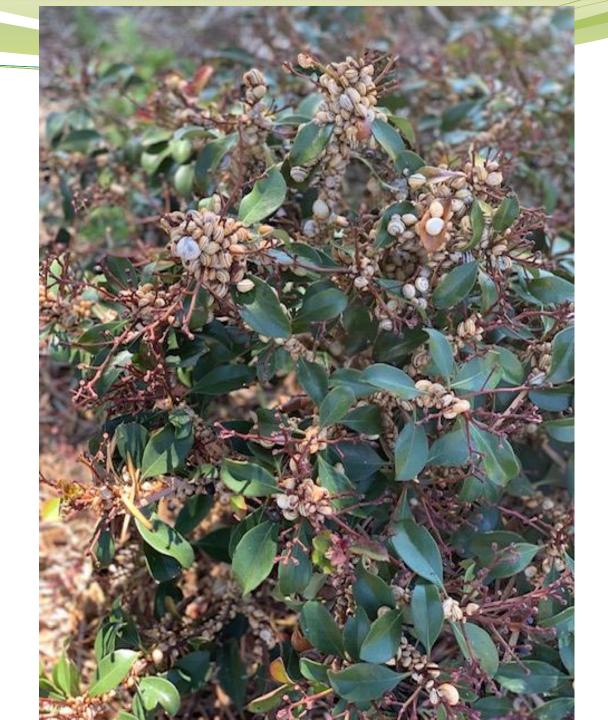




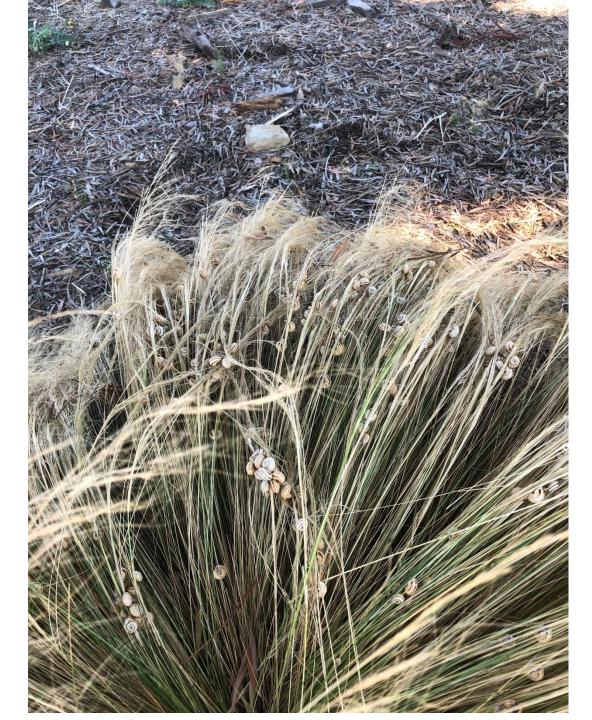
Infested trees in Bressi Ranch, Carlsbad





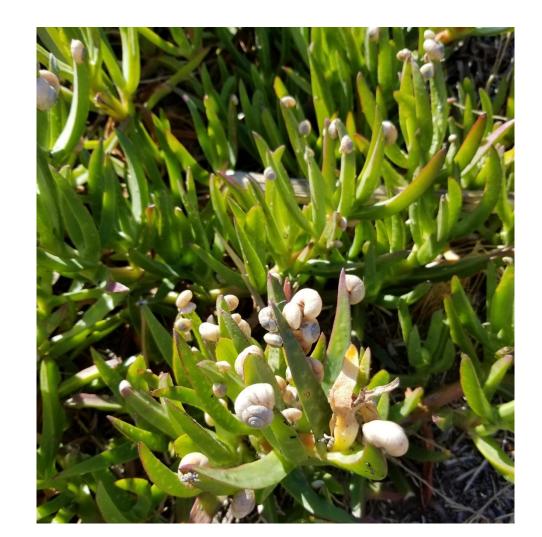






Tecolote Canyon



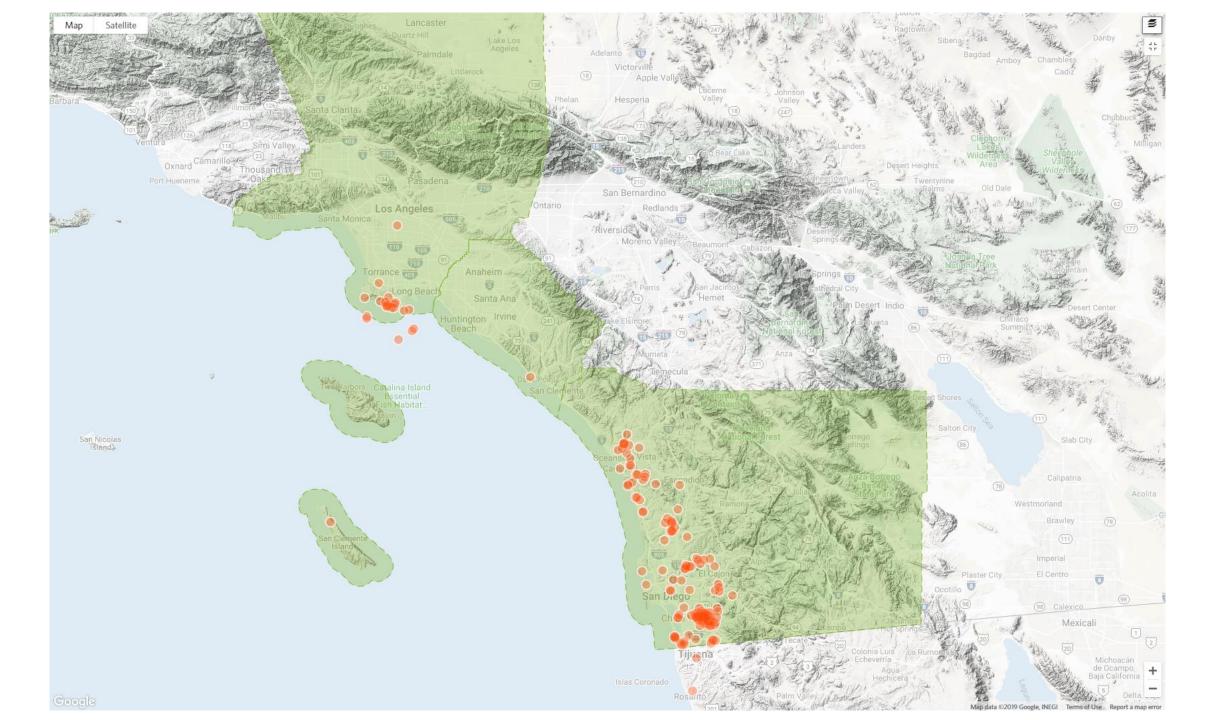


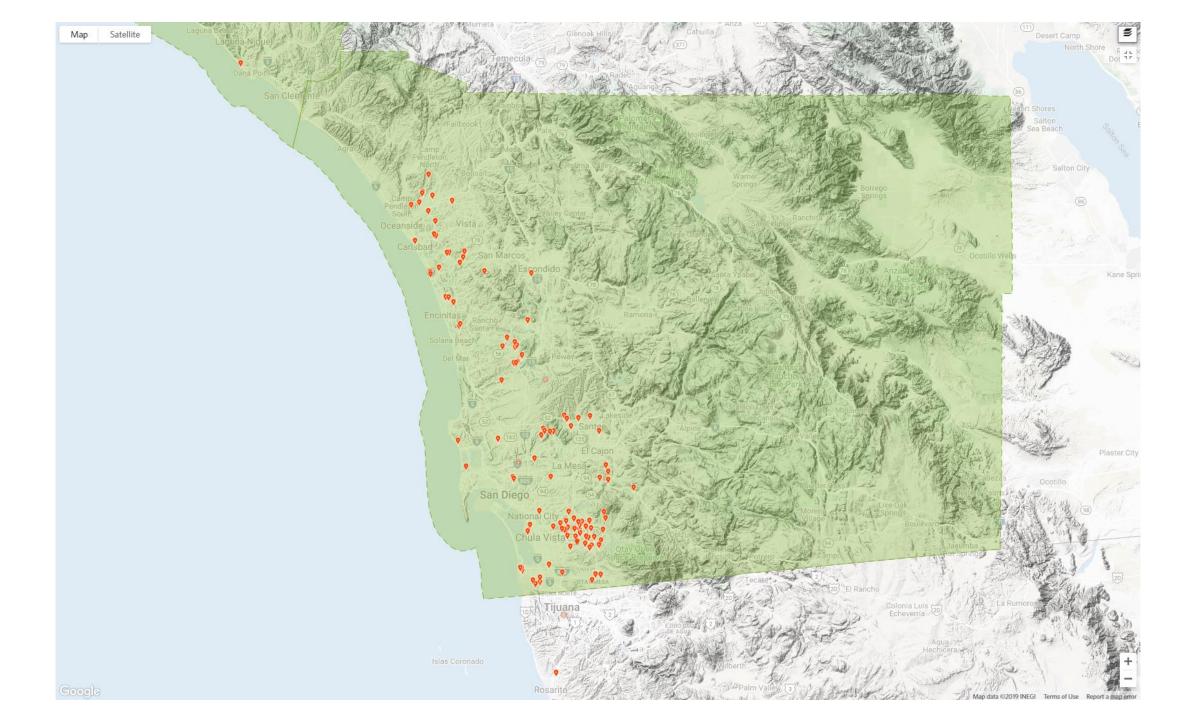


White Italian Snail (Theba pisana)

Information from: Cheryl Wilen (Area IPM Advisor ,UC Statewide IPM Program and UC Cooperative Extension)

- First recorded in CA (La Jolla) in 1914
- Considered eradicated through considerable effort ~1927
- The snails were again found in San Diego in 1985, at 5 isolated location in about a 10 square mile area.
- It is established only in San Diego County, but reported in Los Angeles and Orange counties. No published records for North American populations outside of California
- B-rated pest in CA (shipping)
- Grapes, avocados, ornamentals, fruit trees, landscape plants





Concerns

- Explosive populations
- Will eat native shrubs and seedlings
 - In Otay Ranch, killed 3 planted 15-gallon Torrey pine trees in 4 months
 - Found near our rare plants
- Disease vector (rat lungworm nematode)

Management

Hodel et al.: White Garden Snail (2018)

- Exclude: check crates, boxes, and plants shipped/moved from infested areas
- Detect: search plants, fences, posts, walls, and other vertical surfaces
- Manage
 - When aestivating: Out in open. Hand-picking, knocking down, then sweeping and /vacuuming.
 - When active: Metaldehyde baits
 - -Cheryl Wilen (UCANR) cut down tall weeds where they estivate, testing steam option
 - -Jann Vendetti (LACNHM) ducks, chickens, allow snails to "mass"

