





Western Pond Turtles
(Clemmys marmorata) in the
Multiple Species Conservation
Program Area

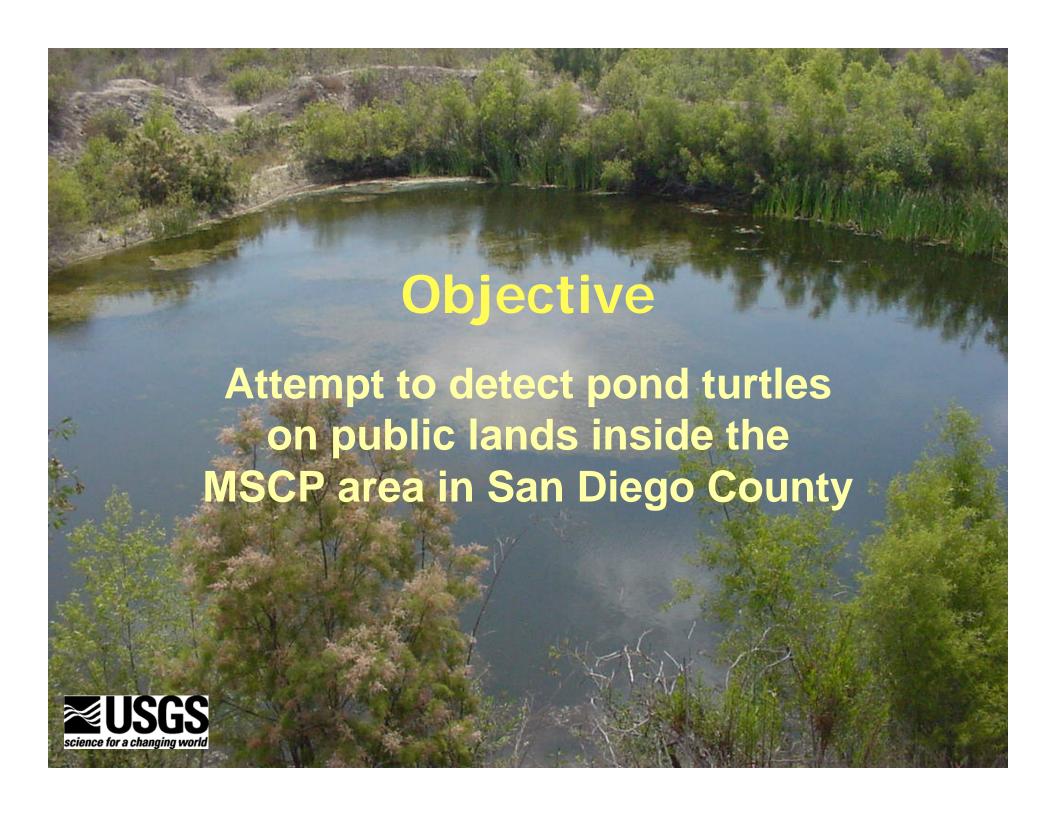
Preliminary Survey Results
2002

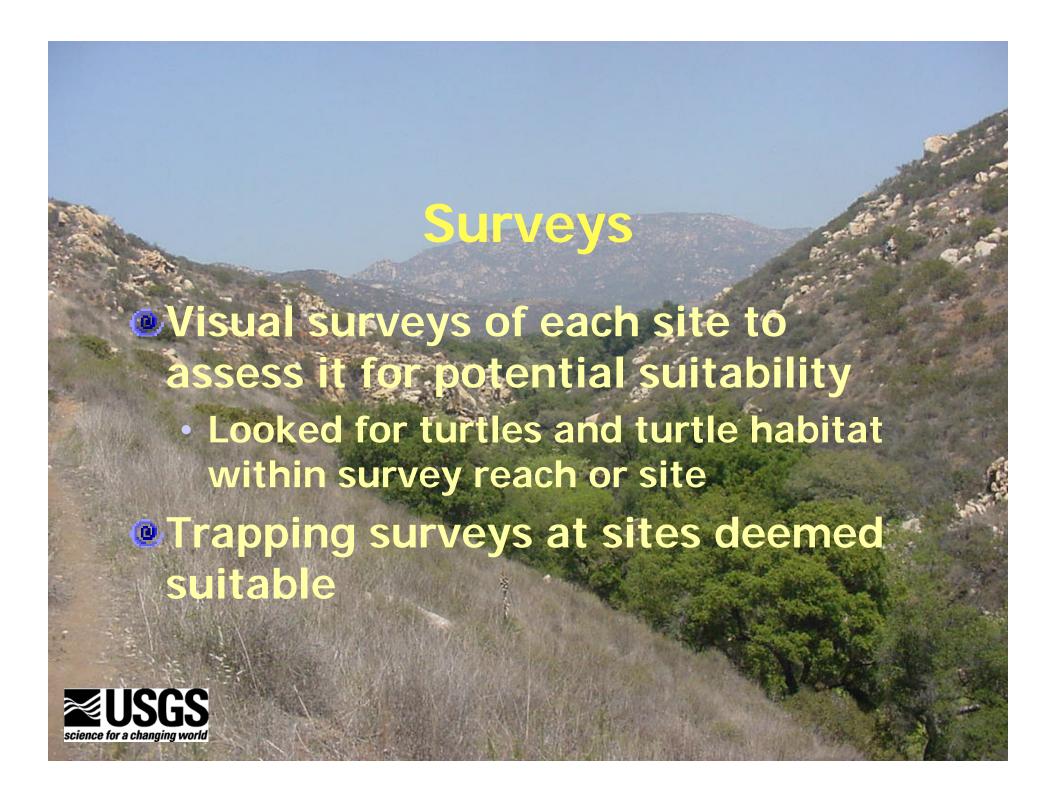
U.S. Department of Interior U.S. Geological Survey













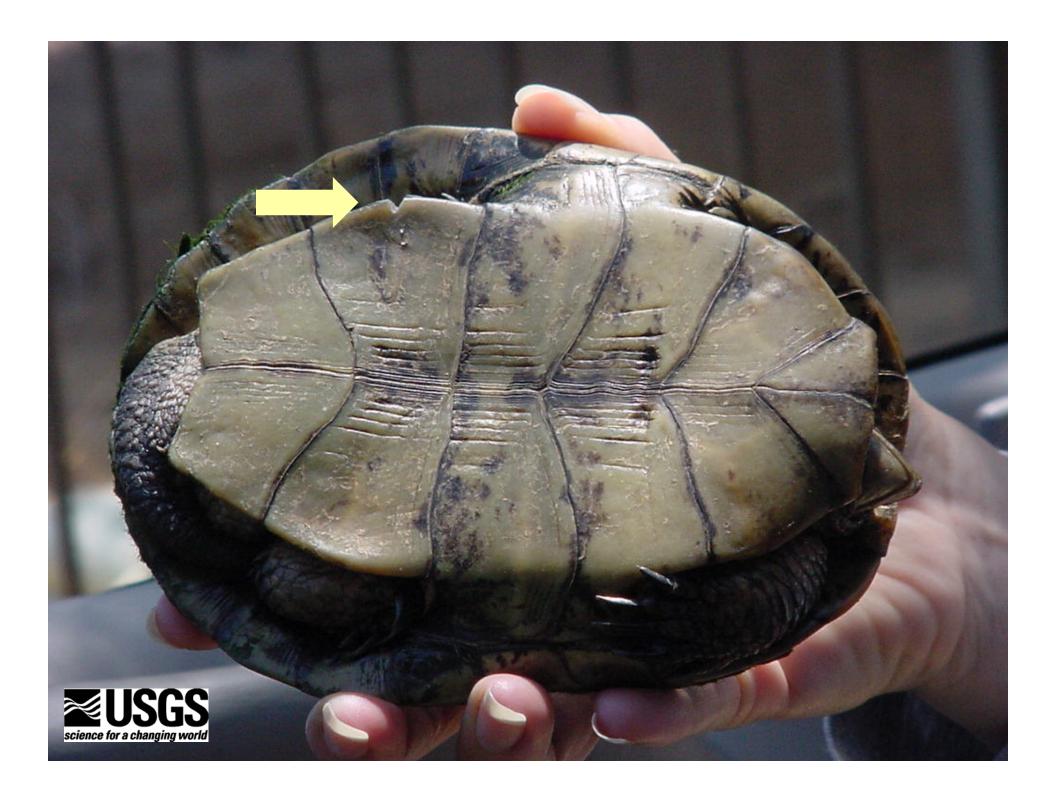


#### **Animal processing**

- Shell measurements
- Weight
- Sex
- Deformities
- Injuries
- Assigned Unique ID



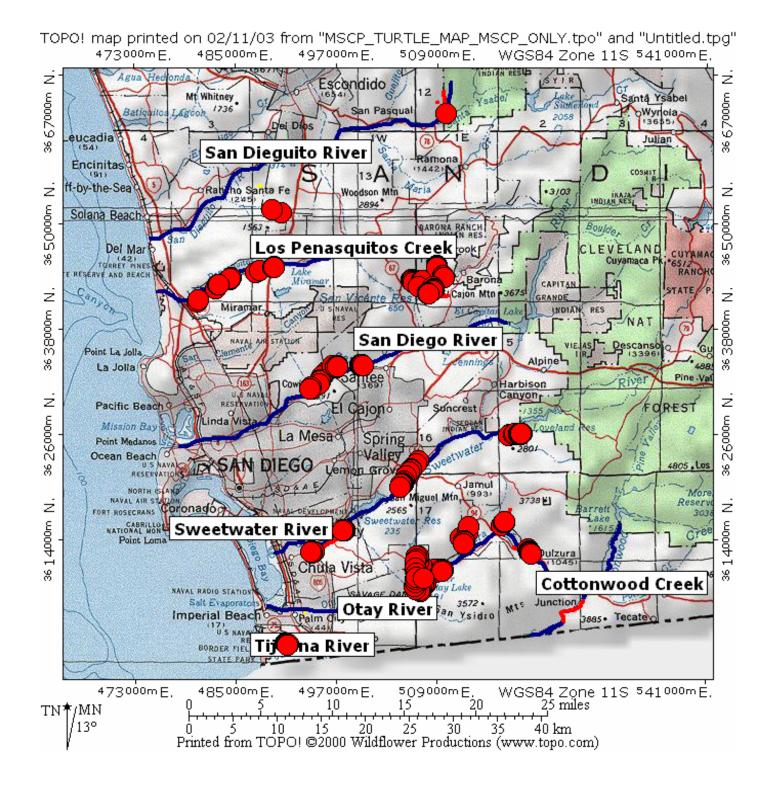


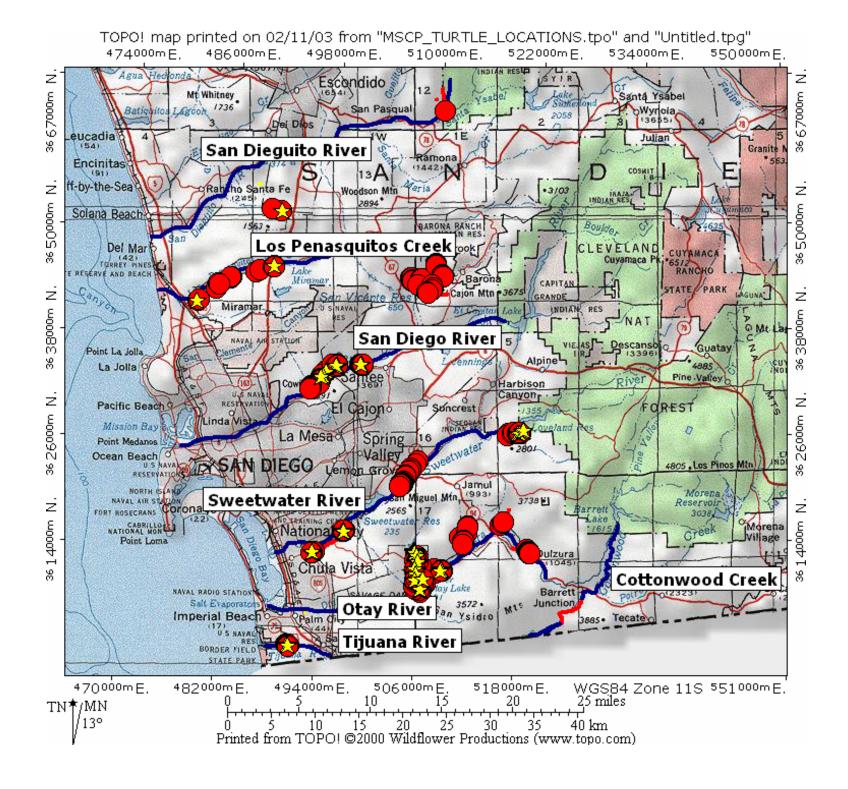


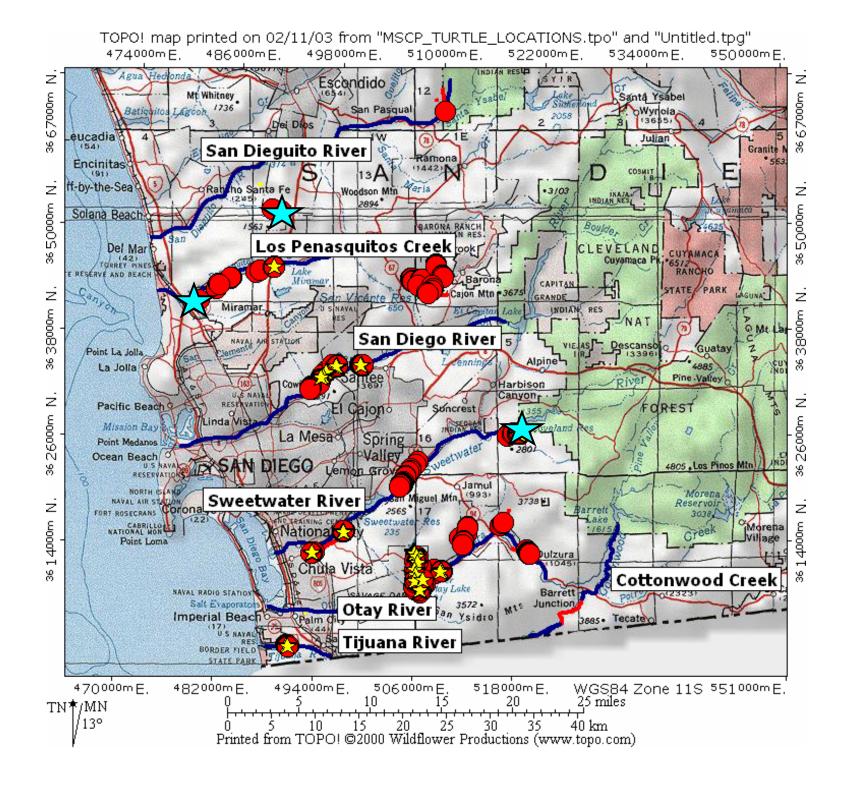
#### 2002 Effort in MSCP

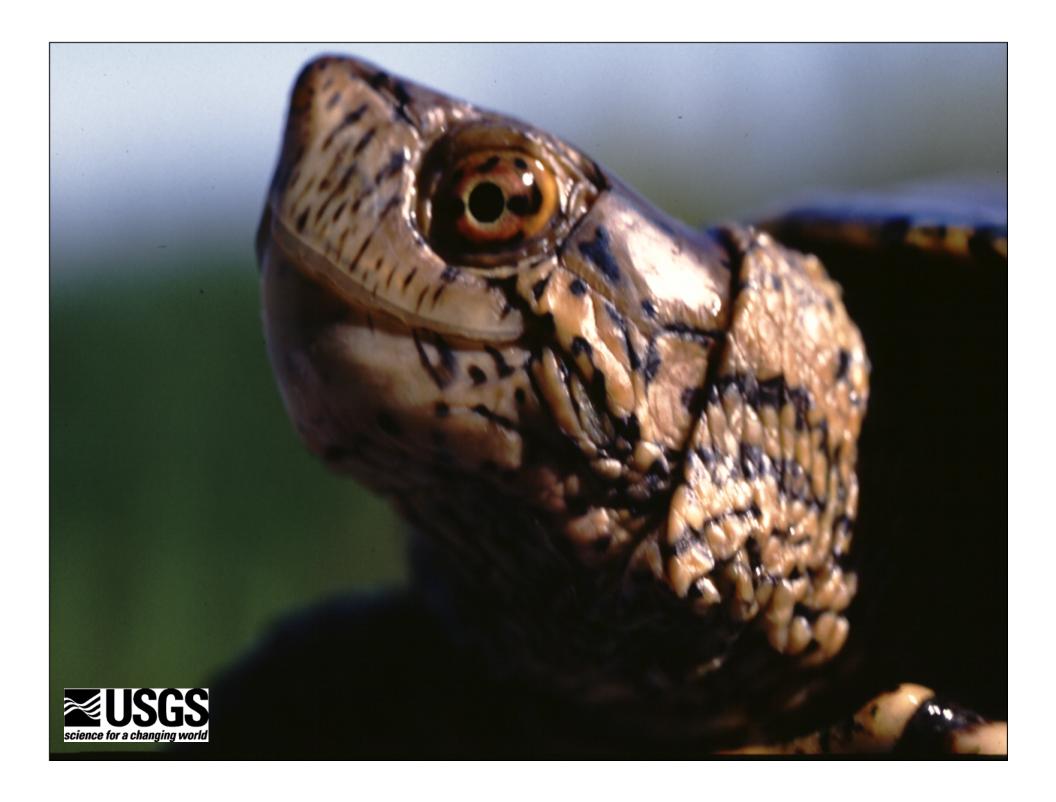
- 25 Visual surveys conducted
  - 20 Sites Deemed potentially suitable
- 17 Sites trapped
- 743 Trap days
- 18,000 Trap hours























#### Threats of non-native turtles

- Introduction of diseases and parasites (Powler and Miller 1999)
- Competition for resources (Spinks et al. <u>In press</u>)
- Higher reproductive potential in highly urbanized areas (Spinks et al. <u>In press</u>)

# Importance of undisturbed upland habitats

#### Nesting

can occur up to 400 meters from water

#### Overwintering

 Turtles overwinter up to 500 meters from water (Holland 1994) and may spend from 2-10 months (Goodman 1994, Holland 1994, Rathbun et al. 2002) away from the watercourse.







- Install educational signs at 4S Ranch and Los Penasquitos CP in areas used by public
  - outline the ramifications of releasing pet turtles into these areas
  - offer alternatives ways of getting rid of unwanted pets (for example, provide contact information of Turtle and Tortoise Clubs)

- Remove non-native turtles from Los Penasquitos CP
- Prevent stocking of game fish in Penasquitos and Lusardi Creeks
- Evaluate the effectiveness of various potential bullfrog control methods and implement a suitable program if one is found at all 3 locations.

- Use radio-telemetry to quantify extent of upland habitat use
  - Identify overwintering sites (recommended immediately at 4S Ranch)
  - Identify nesting areas (if possible)
  - Set aside important upland areas for turtles by limiting human recreation and dogs to upland areas used by turtles (Garber and Burger 1995)

- Identify the source of contamination in the lower cattle pond at 4S Ranch to improve the quality of habitat for turtles at this site
- Limit irrigation (even if for habitat restoration efforts) during summer months at sites managed for pond turtles

Consider upland habitats to be an integral component of the riparian system (Buhlmann and Gibbons 2001) and should be viewed as a requirement for the western pond turtle



### Getting the bigger picture inside the MSCP

- In 2002, USGS matched funding for the following sites outside of the scope of the funded project:
  - Upper and Lower Otay Lakes
  - Torrey Pines State Reserve
  - Sweetwater and Loveland Reservoirs\*
  - San Diego River along Mission Valley\*

<sup>\*</sup>visually assessed only, no trapping conducted



#### **Special Thanks**

County of San Diego

Meave Hanely, Tom Overbour (SPELLING?)

California Department of Fish and Game

Tim Hovey

City of San Diego

**OHOLLY Choeng, Brett Williams. Keith Greer, Larry Rodriquez** 

Fish and Wildlife Service

Dave Griffin

USGS (for matching funding additional sites)



