

Least Bell's Vireo Habitat Suitability Model for California

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Least bell's Vireo (LBVI) Presentation Outline

- Background & Purpose
- Modeling approach
- Environmental Grids So Ca & CA
- Calibration & Evaluation Datasets
- Model Results
- Habitat Relationships
- Model Refinements
- Exploring Model Predictions



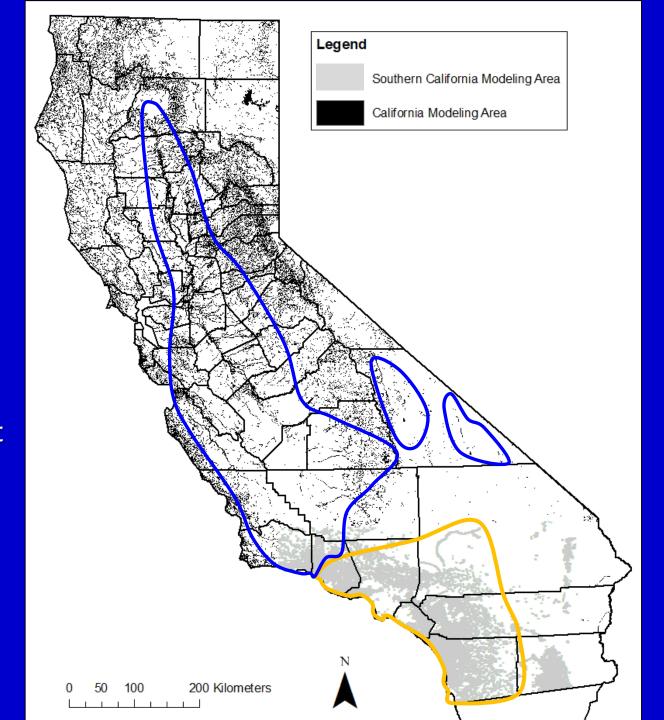
Background

- LBVI formerly abundant in CA riparian habitats:
 - ✓ Central Valley
 - ✓ Sacramento Valley
 - ✓ Coast south of Bay Area
 - ✓ So CA
- Steep popn decline:
 - ✓ "Current" range = So CA
- Popn mgmt & conservation in So CA
 - ✓ Recent limited expansion into "historic" range



Least Bell's Vireo California Range

- Blue Historic Range
- Orange Current Range





LBVI Recovery Criteria

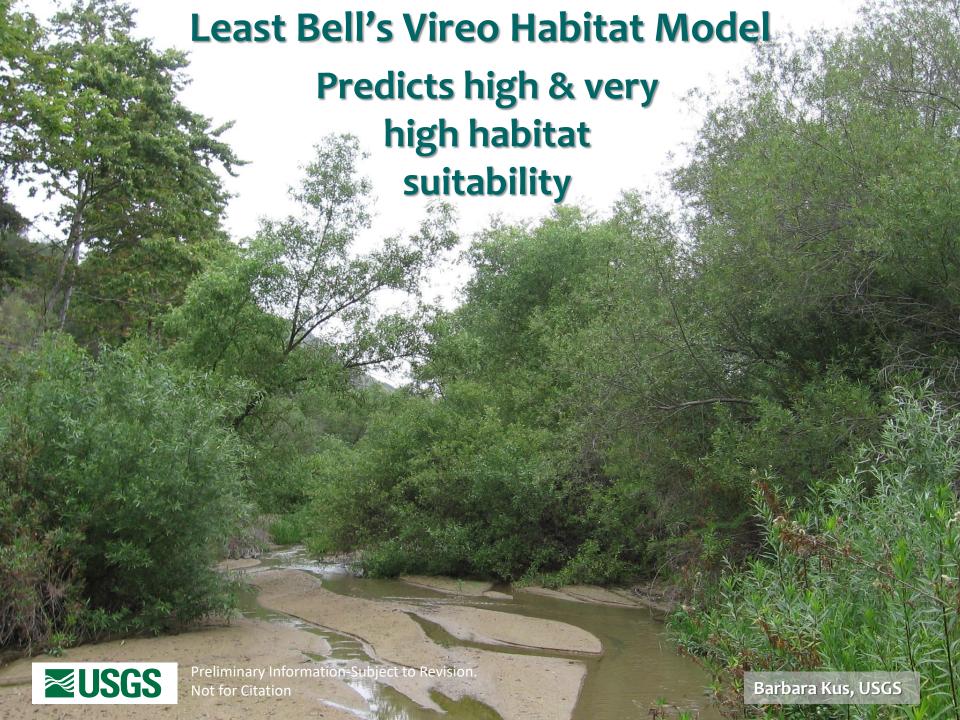


- Stable or ↑ popns:
 - ✓ So Ca (11 key popns)
 - ✓ Salinas River
 - ✓ San Joaquin Valley
 - ✓ Sacramento Valley
- Threats eliminated (BHCO & habitat loss/degradation)

Purpose of Model → Contribute to Recovery

- ID habitat to survey in "historic" range
- ID habitat enhancement opportunities to support key popns
- Habitat relationships historic vs current range





Least Bell's Vireo Habitat Model

- Model created from obs. in "current" So CA range
- Predicts potential habitat across CA including "historic" range



This is not easy to do!

Partitioned Mahalanobis D² Approach

- Model calculates similarity of each point in landscape to multivariate mean of variables at vireo locations
- Partition full model into separate additive components
- Components
 represent
 independent
 combinations of
 species-habitat
 relationships

Rotenberry et al. 2002, 2006 Knick et al. 2013



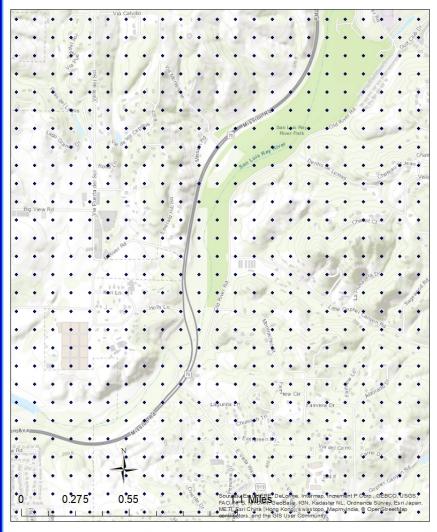


Partitioned Mahalanobis D² Approach

- Environmental variables with wide range of values where species occur are less informative than those maintaining consistent value (limiting)
- This approach
 works well when
 predicting habitat in
 novel or changing
 conditions



So CA Modeling Grid (~3.8 million grid pts)



Close-up Least Bell's VireoSouthern California Modeling Area

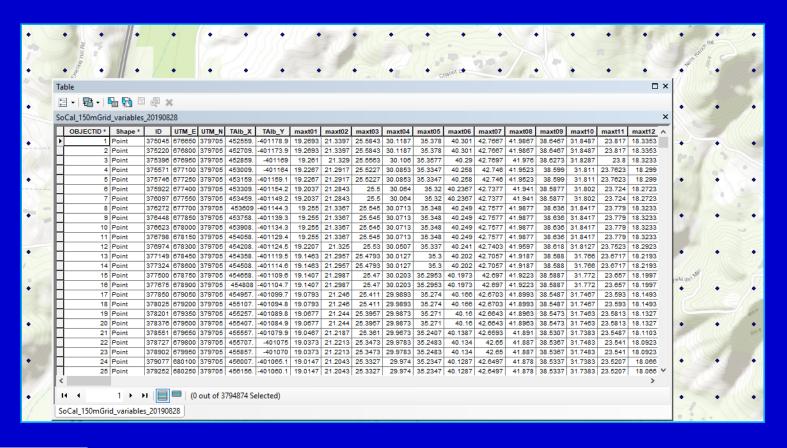




Variables Calculated at Each Grid Point

- Climate
- Topography
- Riparian vegetation

- Land use
- Normalized Difference Vegetation Index (NDVI)





So CA Environmental Grid

Climate

- ✓ annual & seasonal precip
- ✓ min and max temps
- ✓ cumulative water deficit

Topography

- ✓ median elev, slope & topo heterogeneity 150m
- √ % flat land 150 & 500m
- ✓ Distance to stream (m)

Riparian Vegetation (150, 500 & 1000 m scales)



- Various detailed veg maps for So CA
- Fire Resource Assess Prog 2015 Veg Map
- Klausemeyer et al. 2016 Groundwater Dependent Ecosystems Map



So CA Environmental Grid

- Land use (% urban 150, 500 & 1000m scales)
- Normalized Difference Vegetation Index (NDVI)
 - ✓ NDVI mean, Max at 150 & 500m scales
 - ✓ NDVI % 150m ≥ 0.25, 0.40 & 0.56

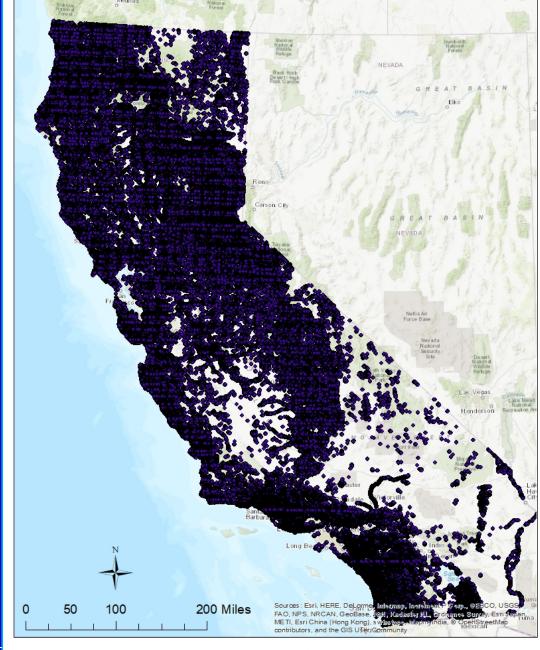






CA Environmental Grid

- Calculated
 variables for entire
 state (~14 million
 grid pts)
- Clipped to riparian with 500m buffer (~2.5 million grid pts)

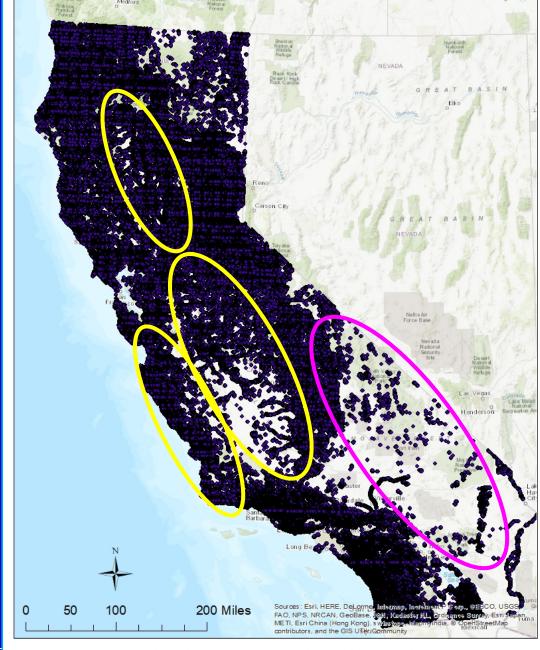




Historic Range

- Not all of CA = LBVI historic range
- Historic range =
 - ✓ Sacramento Valley
 - ✓ Central Valley
 - ✓ Central Coast
- Subspecies

 taxonomy of
 eastern popns
 uncertain

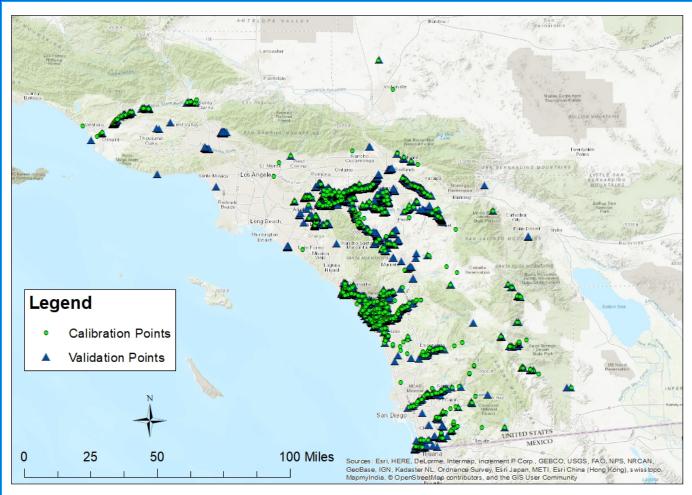




California Riparian Modeling Area

Creating & Evaluating So CA Habitat Model in Current Range

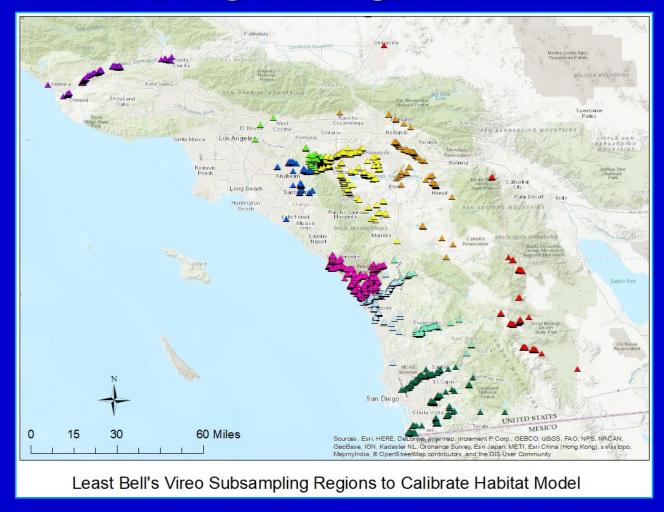
- 2,270 so CA
 vireo
 locations →
 calibrate
 models
- 3,530 so CA
 vireo
 locations →
 evaluate
 models



Least Bell's Vireo Location Records Used for Model Calibration & Validation



Subsampling Strategy (Knick et al. 2013)



- >70 randomly selected/ 10 subregions → create model
- >repeat 1,000 iterations & average results across models



So CA Model Approach

- Construct & evaluate alt Mahalanobis D² models
- Predictions = Habitat Similarity Index (HSI):
 - ✓ 0 1.0 (Low to Very High suitability)
- Compare Model HSIs calibration & validation datasets
- Calculate HSIs for all points in model grid





So CA Model Evaluation

- Validation Datasets:
 - Randomly selected
 - ✓ 2016, 2017 & 2018 ave, above ave & below ave rainfall
- 3,530 presence locations & 3,566 pseudo-absences → calculate Area Under Curve (AUC)
 - ✓ Measures how well model predicts classes
 - ✓ AUC ranges from 0-1.0; <0.5 = poor, 1.0 = excellent



Evaluating Model Predictions Outside So CA

Model Grid

Inspect predictions & environmental variable statistics at historic & recent vireo locations:

- 70 historic & recent CNDDB locations
- 131 eBird locations



Historic & Recent Least Bell's Vireo Observations Outside the Southern California Range



LBVI TOP MODELS



Model Number	Model 30	Model 29	Model 22	Model 18	Model 27
	Selected Local scale	Selected Local scale	Pre-Breed Climate & Local		Selected Local scale
	topography, riparian, dist to	topography, riparian, dist to	Scale Topography, Land Use,	Breed Climate & Local Scale	topography, riparian,
Environmental Variables	Water	Water & CWD	Dist to Water & CWD	Topography & Land Use	NCVI25_pe, dist to Water &
NDVImean15 (150 m)					
NDVImean50 (500 m)					
NDVlmax150					
NDVIMax500					
NDVI025_pe (500 m)					X
dem150m			X	Χ	
slp150m	X	X	X	X	X
topo150m			X	Χ	X
Ripkla150P	X	X	X	Χ	X
Ripkla500P					
Urb150mPer			X	Χ	
Urb500mPer					
flat150mpe	X X	X X	X		X
WaterDistm	X	X	X		Х
PREC_OD_AV					
PREC_JM_AV			X		
PREC_AJ_AV				Χ	
PREC_ANN_T					
MINT_OD_AV					
MINT_JM_AV			X		
MINT_AJ_AV				Χ	
MAXT_OD_AV					
MAXT_JM_AV			X		
MAXT_AJ_AV				Χ	
CWD_ANN_TO		X	X		X
Model Results					
Number of Partitions	4	5	11	8	7
Selected Partition	1	2	1	1	1
Eigenvalue Selected Partition	2.198	0.996	3.159	2.443	2.763
AUC	0.976	0.969	0.967	0.977	0.979
Median Selected Partition Calib HSI	0.699	0.749	0.730	0.706	0.710
Median Selected Partition Random (All Rainfall) Vali	0.697	0.776	0.711	0.712	0.704
All SNR Validation Points (n = 3,530)					
Median Selected Partition Pres Valid HSI	0.647	0.662	0.716	0.716	0.659
Pseudo-absences (n = 3,565)					
Median Selected Partition Abs Valid HSI	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000



Take Home Point

Simple model is best!!!

Complex So CA models don't extrapolate well to rest of CA



Model Number	Model 30	Model 29	Model 22	Model 18	Model 27
	Selected Local scale	Selected Local scale	Pre-Breed Climate & Local		Selected Local scale
	topography, riparian, dist to		Scale Topography, Land Use,		topography, riparian,
Environmental Variables	Water	Water & CWD	Dist to Water & CWD	Topography & Land Use	NCVI25_pe, dist to Water &
NDVImean15 (150 m)					
NDVImean50 (500 m)					
NDVImax150 NDVIMax500					
IND VIMAX500					
slp150m	X	X	X	X	X
topo150m		.,	X	X	X
Ripkla150P	X	X	X	X	X
Ripkla500P					
flat150mpe	X	X	X		X
WaterDistm	X	Х	X		Х
Model Results Number of Partitions	4	5	11	8	7
Selected Partition	1	2	1	1	1

0.996

0.969

0.749

0.776

0.662

0.000

3.159

0.967

0.730

0.711

0.716

0.000

2.443

0.977

0.706

0.712

0.716

0.000

2.763

0.979

0.710

0.704

0.659

0.000



Median Selected Partition Random (All Rainfall) Vali

Eigenvalue Selected Partition

Pseudo-absences (n = 3,565)

Median Selected Partition Calib HSI

All SNR Validation Points (n = 3,530) Median Selected Partition Pres Valid HSI

Median Selected Partition Abs Valid HSI

AŬC

2.198

0.976

0.699

0.697

0.647

0.000

LBVI Habitat Suitability Model





Important Variables in LBVI Model

% Riparian 150m-scale

Occupied ave.
$$\pm$$
 STD = 64% \pm 30

% Flat Ground 150m-scale

Occupied ave.
$$\pm$$
 STD = $62\% \pm 29$

Median slope 150m-scale

Occupied ave.
$$\pm$$
 STD = 2.6% \pm 4.3

Distance to water (m)

Occupied ave.
$$\pm$$
 STD = 133.7 \pm 230

Table 2. Environmental variable means and std calculated for the least Bell's vireo calibration dataset and for riparian modeling grids in the historic and current ranges. Values highlighted in gray are those for which the historic and/or current range falls outside 95% of observations in the calibration dataset (mean ± 2 std).

Fusing a magniful Variables	Mean ± std							
Environmental Variables	Historic range	Current range	Calibration dataset					
Sample size	601,118	319,443	2,270					
NDVImean150	0.60 ± 0.13	0.53 ± 0.17	0.50 ± 0.13					
NDVImean500	0.59 ± 0.12	0.53 ± 0.16	0.47 ± 0.12					
NDVImax150	0.92 ± 0.08	0.66 ± 0.17	0.66 ± 0.11					
NDVIMax500	0.96 ± 0.05	0.76 ± 0.14	0.73 ± 0.09					
dem150m	223.56 ± 342.74	530.19 ± 424.31	140.73 ± 163.14					
slope150m	5.89 ± 8.81	14.14 ± 11.31	2.65 ± 4.33					
topo150m	306.57 ± 284.54	600.23 ± 174.95	400.08 ± 257.10					
riparian150p	0.09 ± 0.20	0.08 ± 0.19	0.64 ± 0.30					
riparian500p	0.09 ± 0.44	0.08 ± 0.13	0.44 ± 0.26					
urban150p	0.06 ± 0.20	0.17 ± 0.34	0.10 ± 0.20					
urban500m	0.06 ± 0.17	0.18 ± 0.29	0.17 ± 0.21					
flat150m	0.57 ± 0.44	0.18 ± 0.29	0.62 ± 0.29					
waterdistm	204.56 ± 256.64	257.50 ± 296.59	133.73 ±230.14					
prec_OD_av	163.58 ± 74.00	108.75 ± 41.56	86.48 ± 14.94					
prec_JM_av	271.89 ± 105.03	263.11 ± 105.15	204.06 ± 38.13					
prec_AJ_av	58.83 ± 28.53	40.64 ± 16.05	31.50 ± 5.08					
prec_anntot	504.30 ±206.90	424.31 ± 162.17	329.11 ± 55.08					
minT_OD_av	6.0 ± 1.44	7.91 ± 2.51	8.65 ± 1.10					
minT_JM_av	4.53 ± 1.54	5.80 ± 2.56	6.99 ± 1.08					
minT_AJ_av	10.44 ± 1.94	16.03 ± 2.76	17.49 ± 1.22					
maxT_OD_av	19.09 ± 1.49	21.60 ± 2.41	22.82 ± 0.91					
maxT_JM_av	16.12 ± 1.61	18.39 ± 2.61	19.97 ± 0.73					
maxT_AJ_av	26.12 ± 2.65	35.79 ± 3.94	34.50 ± 4.05					
cwd_anntot	907.20 ± 169.35	1085.41 ± 126.85	1119.42 ± 59.33					

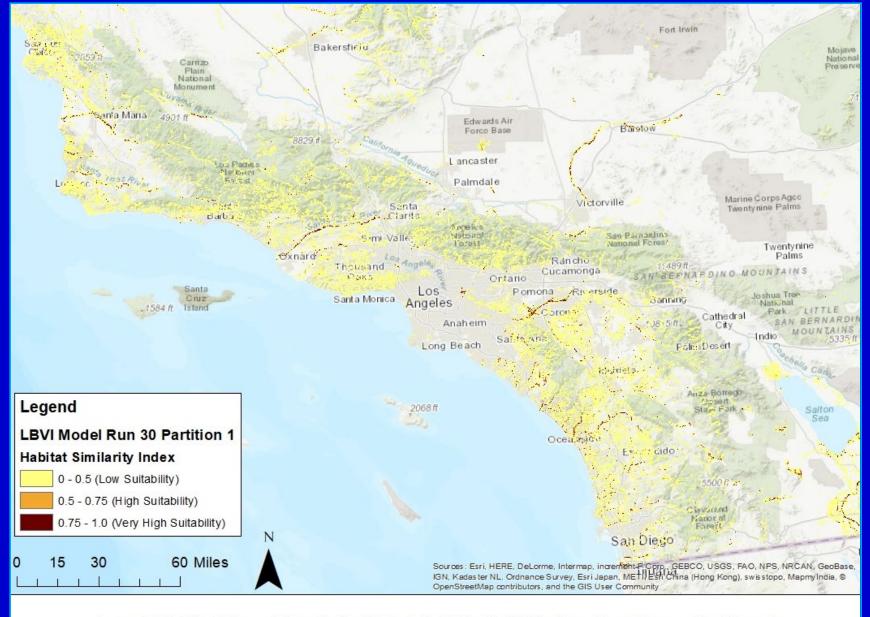


Important Variables in LBVI Model – Suitable vs Unsuitable Habitat across California

- % Riparian 150m-scale
 Suitable significantly more (64% vs 4%)
- % Flat Ground 150m-scale
 Suitable significantly more (62% vs 25%)
- Median slope 150m-scale
 Suitable significantly less (3% vs 13%)
- Distance to water (m)
 No significant difference

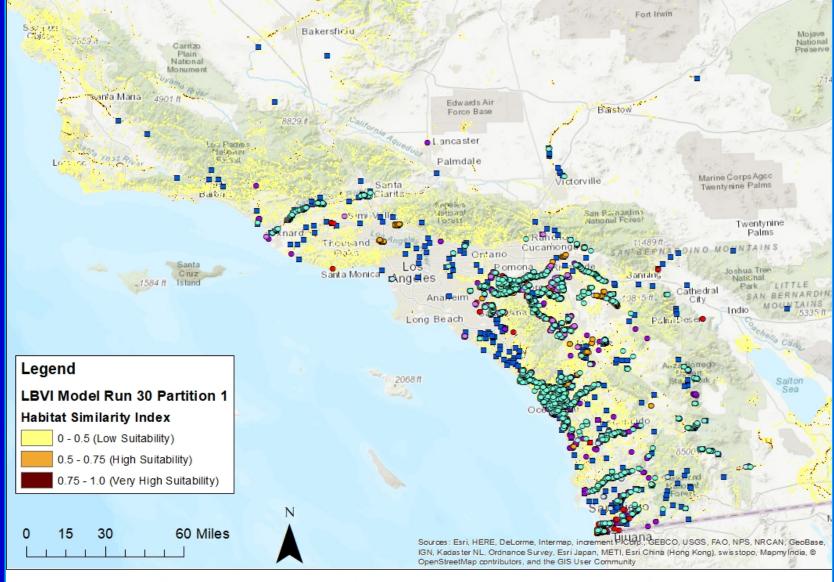
Table 3. Assessment of historic and recent least Bell's vireo observations (CNDDB 2018 and eBird 2019) and R30-P1 model performance in California's historic range. Aerial photographs were used to assess conditions on the ground to determine the status of vireo observations and accuracy of riparian vegetation mapping at observation areas.

Obs. Status	No. of Obs.	Developed	Small amount riparian	Undeveloped but not riparian	Available riparian	Riparian mapping adequate	Riparian mapping too restrictive	Riparian mapping too expansive	Model performs poorly	Model performs marginally	Model performs well
Extirpated	8 (13%)	8	0	0	0	6	0	2	2	0	6
Potentially extirpated	31 (49%)	0	21	0	10	23	4	4	1	6	24
Extant or potentially extant (vireo observed after 1990)	24 (38%)	0	11	2	11	13	5	6	0	10	14
Total	63	8 (13%)	32 (51%)	2 (3%)	21 (33%)	42 (67%)	9 (14%)	12 (19%)	3 (5%)	16 (25%)	44 (70%)



Least Bell's Vireo Predicted Habitat Suitability for Southern California





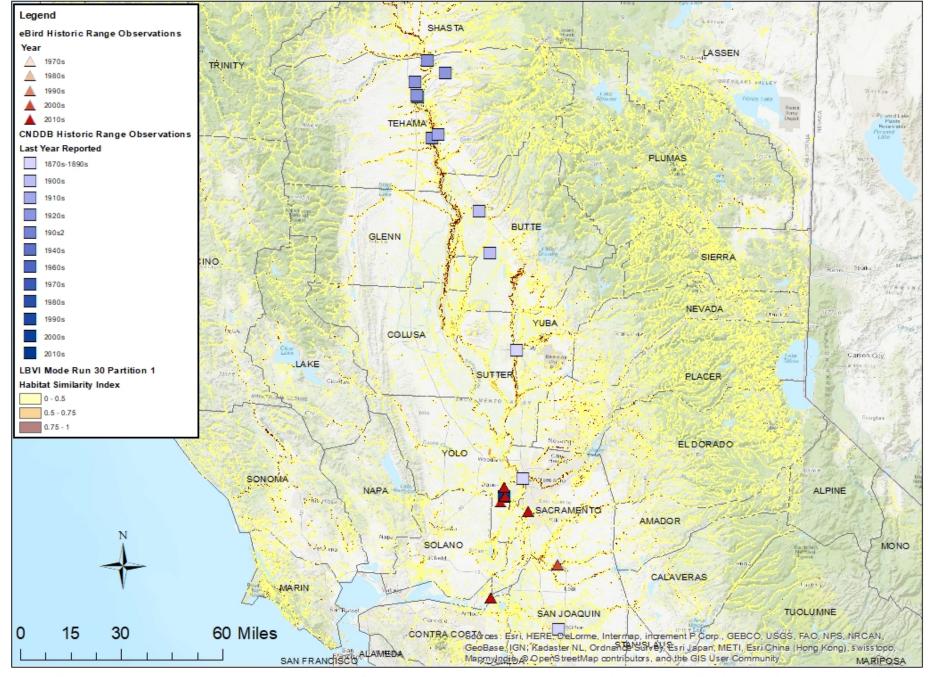
Least Bell's Vireo Historic & Current Observations & Predicted Habitat Suitability for Southern California



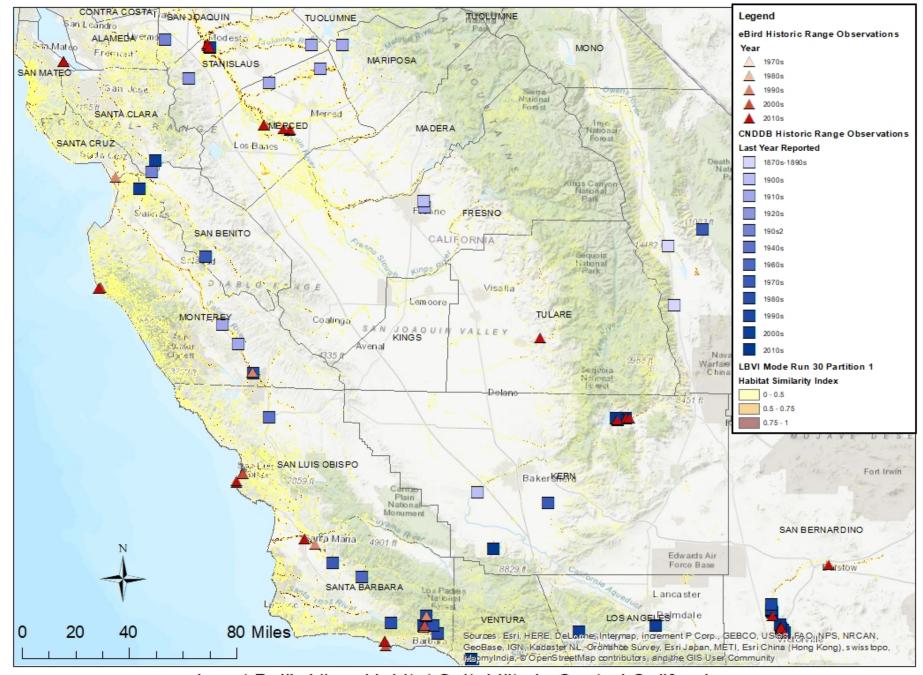




Least Bell's Vireo Predicted Habitat Suitability for California



Least Bell's Vireo Historic and Current Observations and Habitat Suitability in Northern California



Least Bell's Vireo Habitat Suitability in Central California

Models are Hypotheses

- Models # "Truth"
- Represent current understanding of habitat relationships
- Iterative can be improved with more information

Using Habitat Model for Surveys

- In evaluating model performance we can't rely on vireo occupancy
 - Vireos do not occur in most of historic range
- We can get feedback from surveys on habitat characteristics to refine model for historic range
- Prioritize surveys for areas with significant amounts of suitable habitat
- In these areas survey stream reaches & collect simple field data at both High, Very High & Low suitability points

Refining Model for Entire State

- Vegetation mapping issues
 - ✓ Dynamic system
 - ✓ Inconsistent veg classification & mapping across CA
- Dist to Stream may vary across state relative to so Ca
 - ✓ Wide floodplain systems in historic range (vs So CA)
- Collect LBVI location & habitat data in historic range to refine future models

Information to Collect During LBVI Surveys to Refine Model in Historic Range

Field Data to Evaluate Least Bell's Vireo (LBV	/I) Predicte	ed Habitat Suital	ility					
Site: Date:		Surveyors(s):						
Point #: Coordinates: Easting:	t #:Coordinates: Easting:Northing:							
Coordinate System/Datum:								
LBVIDetected? Yes/No #obs	Sex(es):_		_ Breeding?					
Rank up to three vegetation groups within 75m ra species in order of dominance.	adius of the	e survey point in o	order of domi	nance (1-3). Record top three tree/shrub				
Vegetation Type Domin	nance S	Species						
Riparian Woodland								
Riparian Scrub								
Non-Native Dominated Riparian								
Other (list):								
Other (list):								
Potential to Support LBVI? (circle one & explain i			lerate	High				
Notes:								
Photo Numbers:								



Preston, K.L., Kus, B.E., and Perkins, E.E., 2019, Least Bell's vireo habitat suitability model for California (2019): U.S. Geological Survey data release

HTTPS://DOI.ORG/10.5066/P90T9WT2

